



OVERTURE  
to  
The Canterbury Pilgrims  
An Opera in Three Acts

THE MUSIC COMPOSED BY  
C. Villiers Stanford  
(1884)

VIOLIN I

COVER IMAGE

The Canterbury Pilgrims Assembled at the Old Tabard Inn

1874

by

Edward Henry Corbould

[ British Painter, 1815 - 1905]



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The “renaissance” in English music is generally agreed to have started in the late Victorian period, beginning roughly in 1880. Public demand for major works in support of the annual choral festivals held throughout England at that time was considerable which led to the creation of many large scale works for orchestra with soloists and chorus.

Although a number of those works were engraved, printed and are regularly performed today, performance scores for a considerable number of compositions, both large-scale and more intimate works, are not available. These works were either never engraved or were engraved and printed but are no longer available in the publishers’ catalogues. While the existence of these works is documented in biographies of the composers, the ability to study and, most importantly, to perform these compositions is not possible.

Changes in the International copyright laws, coupled with changing musical tastes, played a pivotal role in creating this void. As a result, music publishers lost the ability to generate revenue from the sale/rental of such music. In 1964, holograph and copyist scores from both Novello and from publishers it represented were offered to the British Library and the Royal College of Music Library (see The RCM Novello Library – The Musical Times, Feb. 1983 by Jeremy Dibble ).

These autograph full score manuscripts along with copies of engraved vocal scores, widely available through various online library sources, are now the only resources available for studying and performing these works.

The English Heritage Music Series has been created to ensure that these compositions are preserved, are accessible for scholarly research and, most importantly, are available for performance by future generations. Its mission is to:

- Source non-engraved/out-of-print English composer compositions that are in the U.S. public domain
- Preserve these compositions through the preparation of performance scores using notation software
- Provide open Internet access to the scores to facilitate study, performance and sharing of performance material (program notes, audio, reviews, etc.)

In preparing the English Heritage Music Series editions, every effort has been made to adhere strictly to the notation contained in the manuscripts. Because of the passage of time and its effect on the condition of the manuscript, the absence of clear information often times by the composer in notating divided instruments, and with emendations in the composer and other hands resulting from use of the manuscript in performance, there were numerous circumstances which required interpretation and decisions for notes, accidentals, dynamics, articulations and tempi. Should questions arise in the use of these editions, the composers’ autograph manuscripts and the Novello vocal scores should be consulted for clarification.

**Matthew W. Mehaffey**  
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## Source Information

*Autograph Manuscript:*  
*Vocal Score:*  
*Royal College of Music Library*  
*Research & Score Preparation*

Royal College of Music Library, London: MS 4232  
Boosey & Co., London - December 1883  
Jonathan Frank, Ass’t. Librarian - jonathan.frank@rcm.ac.uk  
David Fielding - dhcfielding@charter.net

## Reference Material and Software

*Notation Software:* Dorico Pro Version 6.0.22.6052   *Audio Software:* NotePerformer 4   *Graphic Software:* Affinity Photo 2  
*Document Software:* Affinity Publisher 2   *Music Notation Reference:* Behind Bars by Elaine Gould, Faber Music © 2011

# The Canterbury Pilgrims

## OVERTURE

Charles Villiers Stanford

Andante moderato **4**

1-4 *f* *mf* pizz.

10

17 **A**

23 *poco cresc.* arco *pp* **2** 29-30

**B** **2** 31-32 *p* *poco cresc.* *dim.*

38 *pp* **3** 39-41 *p* *poco a poco cresc.*

46 *8va* *cresc.* *p* **C**

52

*molto* *f* *cresc.* *ff*

57

61

*poco a poco dim.*

65

*p* *dim.* *pp* **D** **2** 69-70

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## Allegro molto

71 *tr* *p* *mf* *p*

77 *mf* *p*

81 *p* *E* *tr*

86 *p* *cresc.*

92 *mf* *cresc.*

96 *f* *F*

100 *2*

104

Musical staff 104-108. Treble clef, key of D major. Measures 104-108 contain a series of eighth and sixteenth notes with various accidentals (sharps, flats) and accents (>).

G

109

Musical staff 109-113. Treble clef, key of D major. Measures 109-113 feature sixteenth-note runs, trills (tr), and slurs. Measure 109 has a box labeled 'G' above it.

114

Musical staff 114-119. Treble clef, key of D major. Measures 114-119 include trills (tr), slurs, and dynamic markings: *ff sf sf sf dim.*

120

1

Musical staff 120-125. Treble clef, key of D major. Measures 120-125 show a first ending bracket (1) and a dynamic marking *p* *grazioso*.

H

126

Musical staff 126-129. Treble clef, key of D major. Measures 126-129 contain sixteenth-note runs with slurs. Measure 126 has a box labeled 'H' above it.

130

Musical staff 130-133. Treble clef, key of D major. Measures 130-133 feature sixteenth-note runs with slurs and a dynamic marking *p*.

134

Musical staff 134-137. Treble clef, key of D major. Measures 134-137 include sixteenth-note runs, slurs, and a dynamic marking *mf*.



140

1

*pp*

J

145

*cresc.*

*mp*

3 3

150

*cresc.*

*pp*

154

1

159

*cresc.*

*f*

K

164

*ff*

*dim.*

169

1

*p*

*pp*

6

175-180

Violin I musical score, measures 181-227. The score is written in treble clef with a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat). The music features various dynamics, articulations, and performance instructions.

Measures 181-188: *ff* (fortissimo), *5* (fingering), *184-188* (measure range), *ff* (fortissimo), *193-196* (measure range). A box labeled **L** is above measure 193.

Measures 197-202: *f* (forte), *pizz.* (pizzicato), *arco* (arco), *ff* (fortissimo), *p* (piano).

Measures 203-207: *sfp* (sforzando/pizzicato), *mf* (mezzo-forte), *p* (piano), *pp* (pianissimo).

Measures 208-212: *cresc.* (crescendo).

Measures 213-216: *mf* (mezzo-forte), *cresc.* (crescendo).

Measures 217-221: *f* (forte), *mf* (mezzo-forte), *>* (accent). A box labeled **M** is above measure 217.

Measures 222-226: *cresc.* (crescendo).

Measures 227-231: *sf* (sforzando), *sf* (sforzando), *sf* (sforzando), *sf* (sforzando), *dim.* (diminuendo).

265

3 3 3

1

**V.S.**



305

*cresc.*

1

*ff*

[illegible]

316

Example 10-12



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